





# Bioceres

### **BIOLOGICAL MYCOINSECTICIDE WETTABLE POWDER**

FOR THE REDUCTION IN NUMBER OF WHITEFLIES, APHIDS, THRIPS, PSYLLIDS, WEEVILS, AND MEALYBUGS



Containing at least 1x1d spores (conidia)/g.







See inside booklet for additional precautionary statements and directions for use.

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand this label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)



### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT**

Reauveria bassiana

strain ANT-03\* 20.0%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:..... 80.0%

\*Contains a minimum of 1 X 10 viable conidia/gram of product.



### FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice.



IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible, Call a poison control center or doctor for Jt further treatment advice.



IF SWALLOWED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an am-bulance, then give artificial respiration, pref-erably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Take container, label or product name and Pest Control Product Registration Number with you when seeking medical attention.

HOTLINE NUMBER: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including general health concerns or pesticidal incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378. Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 12:00 PM Pacific Time (NPIC Website: www.npic.orst.edu). For emergencies, call your local poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.





# Bio€eres © 🌾

BIOLOGICAL MYCOINSECTICIDE WETTABLE POWDE



ST CONTROL PRODUCTS ACT



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ THE LABEL BEFORE USING POTENT

.....

and change into clean clothing.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: BEAUVERIA BASSIANA STRAIN ANT-03 CONTAINING AT LEAST 1 X10 VIABLE CONDIA/GRAM OF PRODUCT.

FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

contact with eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing dust or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · long-sleeved shirt and long pants
  - nd long pants waterproof gloves

• protective eyewear

Mixeriloaders and applicators must wear a minimum of a NIOSHapproved particulate filtering facepiece respirator with any N, R, or P
filter, OR a NIOSH- approved elastomeric particulate respirator with
any N, R, or P filter; OR a NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying
respirator with an HE filter. Repeated exposure to high concentrations
of microbial proteins can cause allergic sensitization.
Follow the manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE.

If no such instructions for washables are available, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

azardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas by not apply within 50 feet of aquatic habitats (such as, but no mited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds sistuaries, and commercial fish ponds). Do not apply directly to vater, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertida reas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate wate when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

#### When handlers use closed

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.607 (d) and (e) (f)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the State or Tribal agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

### IMPORTANT

When reduced PPE is worn because a closed system is being used, handlers must be provided all PPE specified above for "applicators and other handlers" and have such PPE immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

#### Agricultural Use Requirements

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers also agricultural pesticides. I contains requirements for training, documentations and exceptions and exceptions and exceptions of the standard period protective equipment (PPC) and protections and exceptions of the protection of the detail of the protection o

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.







**EXCEPTION** If the product is soil incorporated or soil-injected, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated. PPE required for early entry to treated areas (that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water) is:

- Coveralls · Protective eyewear
- Waterproof gloves · Shoes plus socks

### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are not within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses. Keep unprotected persons out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

PRODUCT INFORMATION **BioCeres** biological insecticide containing the active ingredient Beauveria bassiana strain ANT-03 for use on the following labeled growing crops to control nsect pests. BioCeres WP must be mixed with water and applied as a foliar spray with ground or aerial equipment equipped for conventional insecticide spraying, or by chemication. in field or greenhouse use sites.



1-800-305-7714 ANATISBIOPROTECTION.COM

**USE INSTRUCTIONS** BioCeres WP is a selective insecticide for use against

labeled insects. Close scouting and early attention to infestations is highly recommended. Proper timing of application targeting newly hatched larvae is important for optimal results. Apply 1-3 pounds of BioCeres WP per acre (2-5 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre) in sufficient volume of water unless otherwise noted in the directions for use for the labeled crops below. Thorough coverage of infested plant parts is necessary for effective control BioCeres WP does not have systemic activity. For some crops, directed drop nozzles by ground machine are required. Under heavy pest populations, use the stated higher label rates, shorten the spray interval, and/or increase the spray volume to improve coverage. Repeat applications at an interval sufficient to maintain control. usually 3-10 days depending upon plant growth rate, insect activity, and other factors. If attempting to control an insect population with a single application, make the treatment when eggs start hatching, but before economic damage occurs. To enhance control, tank mix with contact insecticides/miticides/nematicides. Use the lower label rates of BioCeres WP when populations are low and when tankmixing with other insecticides/ miticides/ nematicides. Use the stated higher rates of BioCeres WP when applied stand alone, when populations are high, or when egg numbers are high. To enhance adhesion of BioCeres WP, use a spreader/sticker adjuvant. BioCeres WP has been evaluated for phytotoxicity on a variety of crops under various normal growing conditions. However, testing all crop varieties, in all mixtures and combinations, is not feasible. Prior to treating entire crop, test a small portion of the crop for sensitivity.

INSECTS FOR WHICH BIOCERES WP MAY BE

GROUND AND AERIAL APPLICATIONS Apply BioCeres WP in ground and aerial equipment with quantities of water sufficient to provide thorough coverage of infested plant parts. The amount of water needed per acre will depend upon crop development, weather, application equipment, and local experience. Do not spray when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for use. Avoiding spray drift is the responsibility of the

applicator.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION INFORMATION GENERAL Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator and the grower (specifically, see SENSITIVE AREAS section for the requirement regarding spray drift and honey bees). The interaction of many equipmentand weather- related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed. Do not apply directly to aquatic habitats (such as, but not limited to, lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume Use high-flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When high flow rates are needed. use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure. Number of Nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that









the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type designed for the interest of the production o

intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

BOOM WIDTH For aerial applications, the boom width must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotary blade.

APPLICATION HEIGHT Do not make application

at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the

largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure to droplets to evaporation and wind. If application includes a nospray zone, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy. SWATH ADJUSTMENT When applications are

SWATH ADJUSTMENT When applications armade with a crosswind, the swath will be displace downward. Therefore, on the up and downwin edges of the field, the applicator must compensat for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance shoul increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind smaller drops etc.)

WIND Only apply this product if the wind direction favors on-target deposition. Do not apply when the wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS Do not apply

during a temperature inversion because drift

potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict

vertical air mixing, which causes small, suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. SENSITIVE AREAS The pesticide should only be

SENSITIVE AREAS The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. where wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas). De not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, non-target crops, blooming crops or weeds that bees are visiting, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands or animals.

**NOTE** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

Spray preparation First, prepare a suspension of BioCeres WP in a mix tank. Fill tank ½ to ¾ of the amount of water for the area to be treated. Start mechanical or hydraulic agitation. Add the required amount of BioCeres WP, and then the remaining volume of water. Then set the sprinkler to deliver a minimum of 0.1 to 0.3 inch of water per acre. Start sprinkler and uniformly inject the suspension of BioCeres WP into the irrigation water line so as to deliver the correct rate of BioCeres WP per acre. Inject the suspension of BioCeres WP with a positive displacement pump into the main line ahead of a right angle turn to ensure adequate mixing. BioCeres WP is to be metered continuously for the duration of the water application. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists. equipmentmanufacturers or other experts. Do not combine BioCeres WP with other pesticides. surfactants, adjuvants, or fertilizers for application through chemigation equipment unless prior experience has shown the combination to be physically compatible, effective and non-injurious under conditions of use.

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

Specific Requirements for Chemication Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.

Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional, reducedpressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the flow outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe. 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a

functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection gump.

4. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

5. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. or in cases where there is no water pump, when







positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with

pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. 6. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a

### Application Instructions for All

Chemigation 1. Remove scale, pesticide residues, and other foreign matter from the chemical supply tank and entire injector system. Flush with clean water. Failure to provide a clean tank, void of scale or residues may cause product to lose effectiveness or







strenath.



2. Determine the treatment rates as indicated in the directions for use and make proper dilutions.
3. Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the

Prepare a solution in the chemical tank by filling the tank with the required water and then adding product as required. Utilize agitation to keep solution in suspension.

### **SOIL APPLICATION RATES**

Apply BioCeres WP as a soil drench or injection to treat the below-mentioned pests and crops. For soi applications, apply 1-4 oz. (up to 1/4 lb.) of BioCeres WP per 1.000 square feet. For difficult-to-control soi pests, apply BioCeres WP at the high rate (4 oz. per 1.000 square feet). Do not apply to water-saturates soil. Apply BioCeres WP in enough water to ensure good coverage of the treated area, at least one gallor per 1.000 square feet. Irrigate the treated area after application to disperse the product into the soil.

### CUTTING DIP (Unrooted and Rooted) Apply a concentration of 2.5-5 oz. BioCeres WP per

10 gallons of water. Immerse in the dip suspension for 5 seconds. Verify that all surfaces are wet. Do not use the suspension for more than one day to ensure good viability of the active ingredient.

### GREENHOUSE AND OUTDOOR FOLIAR APPLICATION RATES

Apply BioCeres WP to freat the below-mentioned crops and above-mentioned pests. Repeat at 5 to 7 day intervals as needed. Use 50 gallons spray volume per acre. Thoroughly cover plant foliage with spray solution, but not to runoff. Preharvest Interval (PHI) = 0 days.

### APPLICATION RATES FOR GREENHOUSE

Use a range of 1.5-3.0 lbs. of BioCeres WP per 100 gallons of water.

### CROP GROUP 18: NONGRASS ANIMAL FEEDS (FORAGE, FODDER, STRAW, AND HAY)

alfalfa (hay and seed), hay, and other forage crops

### CROP SUBGROUP 22A: STALK AND STEM VEGETABLE

asparagus

# CROP GROUP 5: BRASSICA (COLE) LEAFY VEGETABLES: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO (EXCLUDES WATERCRESS)

Broccoli, broccoli raab, Brussels sprouts, cabbage, Chinese broccoli, Chinese cabbage (bok choy/napa), Chinese mustard (gai choy), cauliflower, cavalo broccolo, collards, kale, kohlrabi, mizuna, mustard greens, mustard spinach, and rape greens

### CROP GROUP 3-07: BULB VEGETABLES: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

Leek, garlic, onion (bulb and green), Welsh onion, and shallot

### CROP GROUP 13-07: BERRY AND SMALL FRUIT: INCLUDING. BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

Blueberry, boysenberry, currant, gooseberry, huckleberry, dewberry, elderberry, juneberry, lingonberry, marionberry, maypop, olallieberry, salal, schisandra berry, youngberry, blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspherry and cultivars, varieties

schisandra berry, youngberry, blackberry, loganberry, red and black raspberry, and cultivars, varieties and/or hybrids of these, grape, amur river grape, and kiwifruit

(1-2 pounds of BioCeres WP per acre or 2-3 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre Strawberry)

(1-3 pounds of BioCeres WP per acre or 2-5 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre.)

### CROP GROUP 15: CEREAL GRAINS (NOT INCLUDING RICE): INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

Barley, buckwheat, corn (all including field, popcorn, seed, and sweet: fresh market and grain), oat, pearl









millet, proso millet, rye, sorghum (milo), teosinte, triticale. and wheat.

### CROP GROUP 10-10: CITRUS FRUITS: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

calamondin, citrus citron, citrus hybrids (includes chironja, tangelo, tangor), grapefruit, kumquat, lemon, lime, mandarin (tangerine), orange (sour and sweet), pummelo, and satsuma mandarin

### CROP GROUP 9: CUCURBIT VEGETABLES: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

chayote (fruit); chinese wax gourd (chinese preserving melon); citron melon; cucumber; gherkin; gourd, edible (includes hyotan, cucuzza, hechima, chinese okra); melons; Momordica spp. (includes balsam apple, balsam pear (bittermelon), chinese cucumber); muskmelon (includes cantaloupe); bumpkin; squash (summer and winter) (includes butternut squash, calabaza, hubbard squash, acon squash, spaghetti squash); watermelon

### CROP GROUP 8-10: FRUITING VEGETABLES: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

tomato, tomatillo, pepper (all varieties), groundcherry, pepino, okra, and eggplant

#### **CROP GROUP 19: HERBS AND SPICES:**

INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: allspice, angelica, anise, balm, basil, borage, burnet, caper buds, caraway, cardamon, chamomile, catnip, celery seed, chervil, chive, cinnamon, clary, coriander, costmary, cilantro, cumin, curry (leaf), dill (dillweed), fennel, fenugreek, horehound, hyssop, lavender, lemongrass, lovage, mace, marjoram, nasturtium, parsley (dried), rosemary, sage, savory (summer and

winter), sweet bay leaf, tansy, tarragon, thyme, wintergreen, woodruff, and wormwood

#### CROP GROUP 4: LEAFY VEGETABLES (EXCEPT BRASSICA VEGETABLES): INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

arugula, celery, corn Salad, cress, dandelion, dock, edible chrysanthemum, endive, fennel, head lettuce, leaf lettuce, parsley, purslane, radicchio, rhubarb, spinach and swiss chard

# CROP GROUP 2: LEAVES OF ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: Beet and Turnin

### CROP GROUP 6: LEGUME VEGETABLES (SUCCULENT OR DRIED) AND GRAIN CROPS: Including, but not limited to:

adzuki bean, black eyed pea, beans, chickpea, cowpea, crowder pea, edible-pod pea, english pea, fava bean, field bean, field pea, garbanzo bean, garden pea, green pea, kidney bean, lentils, lima bean, lupins, mung bean, navy bean, peas, pigeon pea, pinto bean, runner bean, snap bean, snow Pea, soybean, sugar snap pea, Ttepary bean, wax bean, and vard long bean.

#### **CROP GROUP 20: OILSEED CROPS:**

INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: canola, safflower, sesame, sunflower (including sunflower grown for seed), tea oil plant, and jojoba

### CROP GROUP 11-10: POME FRUITS: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

apples, crabapple, loquat, mayhaw, oriental pear, pears and quince







### CROP GROUP 1: ROOT AND TUBER VEGETABLES: INCLUDING. BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

artichoke, black salsify, carrot, cassava (bitter or sweet), celeriac (celery root), chayote (root), chicory, chinese artichoke, edible burdock, garden beet, ginger, ginseng, horseradish, jerusalem artichoke, oriental radish, parsnip, potatoes, radish, rutabaga, salsify, skirret, spanish salsify, sugar beet, sweet potatoes, taro, turmeric, turnip, turnip-rooted chervil, turnip-rooted parsley and yams

### CROP GROUP 12-12: STONE FRUITS: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

apricot, cherry (sweet/tart), nectarine, peach, plum, and prune

### CROP GROUP 14-12: TREE NUTS: INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

almond, beechnut, brazil nut, butternut, cashew, chestnut, chinquapin, filbert (hazelnut), hickory nut, macadamia nut, pecan, pistachios, and walnut

## CROP GROUP 23: TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL FRUIT, EDIBLE PEEL:

INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: accrola, black sapote, canistel, cherimoya, custard apple, feijoa, guava, ilama, jaboticaba, kiwi, longan, lychee, mamey sapote, mango, olive, papaya, passionfruit, pineapple, plantains, pulasan, rambutan, sapodilla, soursop, spanish lime, star apple, starfruit, sugar apple, ti palm leaves, wax jambu (wax apple), and white sapote fig

(1-2 pounds of BioCeres WP per acre) (2-3 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre)

## CROP GROUP 24: TROPICAL AND SUBTROPICAL FRUIT, INEDIBLE PEEL:

INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO: atemoya, avocado, banana, and biriba

#### ADDITIONAL PLANTS:

Coffee, Containerized plants, Cotton, Dried Cones, Hemp, Hops, Mushroom, Peanut, Sugar Cane, and Tobacco

#### SHADE AND ORNAMENTAL TREES FOR USE ON THE FOLLOWING SITES FOR CONTROL OF INSECTS:

Ornamentals in parks and landscapes, flowering plants, foliage plants, broadleaves, shrubs, trees, conifers

(1-3 pounds of BioCeres WP per acre) (2-5 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre) Whiteflies, aphids, thrips, and plant bugs

Turfgrasses in parks, landscapes, and golf courses
(3-6 pounds BioCeres WP per acre)
(4.5-9 briquettes of BioCeres WP per acre)
Chinch bugs, white grubs, and plant bugs

### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Product can be stored up to 18 months at 39 ± 2°F (4 ± 2°C). Store at refrigerator temperatures in a dry place. Avoid overheating.

**Pesticide Disposal:** To avoid wastes, use all material in this container by application







according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

Container Handling: Non refillable

container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available, or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Do not burn, unless allowed by state and local ordinances. (For instances where state and local ordinances do allow burning): If burned, stay out of smoke.







### FOR ORGANIC PRODUCTION

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100.0% Contains a minimum of 1 X 10 viable conidia/gram of product.

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#### FIRST AID

- IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water of or 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control centre or doctor for treatment advice
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6800-1

NET CONTENT: 1 lb

071423







